

## Closed Topic Search

Enter terms  
Search

[Reset](#) Sort By: Close Date (descending)

- [Relevancy \(descending\)](#)
- [Title \(ascending\)](#)
- [Open Date \(descending\)](#)
- [Close Date \(ascending\)](#)
- [Release Date \(descending\)](#)

NOTE: The Solicitations and topics listed on this site are copies from the various SBIR agency solicitations and are not necessarily the latest and most up-to-date. For this reason, you should visit the respective agency SBIR sites to read the official version of the solicitations and download the appropriate forms and rules.

Displaying 1 - 10 of 62 results

## Closed Topic Search

Published on SBIR.gov (<https://www.sbir.gov>)

---

### [1. CBD152-001: Adjustable Focus Lenses for Respiratory Protection](#)

Release Date: 04-24-2015 Open Date: 05-22-2015 Due Date: 06-24-2015 Close Date: 06-24-2015

Current respiratory protection systems require optical inserts for wearers requiring optical correction. Use of optical correction inserts limit optical compatibility with night vision goggles and weapon systems due to the added eye relief. One reason individual high index lenses are not used is because they cost seven times more than vision correction inserts. Additionally, polycarbonate lenses h ...

SBIR Office for Chemical and Biological Defense Department of Defense

### [2. CBD152-002: Smart Split Neck Seals for Respiratory Protection](#)

Release Date: 04-24-2015 Open Date: 05-22-2015 Due Date: 06-24-2015 Close Date: 06-24-2015

Current respiratory protection neck seal systems do not incorporate smart sensing technologies. Current neck seal systems are simply basic circular rubber cut-outs and are required to be constructed of one continuous piece of material. Many wearers find traditional neck seals to be uncomfortable. Respiratory protection systems utilized for fixed wing aircraft pilots (e.g. JSAM-FW, AR-5, and AERP), ...

SBIR Office for Chemical and Biological Defense Department of Defense

### [3. CBD152-003: Development of Mycotoxin Medical Countermeasures](#)

Release Date: 04-24-2015 Open Date: 05-22-2015 Due Date: 06-24-2015 Close Date: 06-24-2015

Mycotoxins are toxins produced by several species of fungi. Exposure to these toxins can result in incapacitation or even death of the exposed subject. From a biological warfare perspective, mycotoxins are relatively easy to produce in large quantities and many of them have nearly effortless accessibility. For these reasons, mycotoxins present a real threat to the warfighter. Trichothecene (T-2), ...

SBIR Office for Chemical and Biological Defense Department of Defense

### [4. CBD152-004: Exploiting Microbiome and Synthetic Biology to Discover and Produce Naturally Occurring Antibiotics](#)

Release Date: 04-24-2015 Open Date: 05-22-2015 Due Date: 06-24-2015 Close Date: 06-24-2015

The explosion in the "omics" field has allowed for unprecedented genetic identification of some of the billions of bacteria that comprise the world of the microbiome. A potential wealth of information is available through the study of species that have developed sophisticated defense mechanisms to protect themselves from the onslaught of foreign invaders. Recent examples include the microbiome ...

SBIR Office for Chemical and Biological Defense Department of Defense

**5. [CBD152-005: High Sensitivity, Low Complexity, Multiplexed Diagnostic Devices](#)**

Release Date: 04-24-2015 Open Date: 05-22-2015 Due Date: 06-24-2015 Close Date: 06-24-2015

The U.S. Department of Defense requires infectious disease in vitro diagnostic (IVD) capabilities that are operationally suitable for use in far forward military environments and operationally effective versus a wide range of threats. Current single use disposable Lateral Flow Immunoassay-based diagnostic tests have many desirable operational suitability characteristics (low cost, minimal training ...

SBIR Office for Chemical and Biological Defense Department of Defense

**6. [CBD152-006: Signal Processing for Layered Sensing](#)**

Release Date: 04-24-2015 Open Date: 05-22-2015 Due Date: 06-24-2015 Close Date: 06-24-2015

Asymmetric threats including chemical and biological agents, improvised dissemination devices, and vehicle- and personnel-born improvised explosive devices represent a persistent hindrance to U.S. military operations. Various sensor and surveillance systems develop a capacity to warn of the presence of such threats on a point-by-point basis; however the consumption of these data in the constructio ...

SBIR Office for Chemical and Biological Defense Department of Defense

**7. [8.1: Resilient Coastal Communities and Economies](#)**

Release Date: 11-13-2013 Open Date: 11-13-2013 Due Date: 01-29-2014 Close Date: 01-29-2014

DOC DOC/NOAA SBIR NOAA-2014-1 Developing and Improving Commercial Marine Algal Culture in the United States Automated Vertical Reference Rapid Identification of Species and Origin in Processed Seafood 8.1 DOC DOC/NOAA SBIR NOAA-2014-1 ...

SBIR Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

**8. [8.1.1F: Developing and Improving Commercial Marine Algal Culture in the United States](#)**

Release Date: 11-13-2013 Open Date: 11-13-2013 Due Date: 01-29-2014 Close Date: 01-29-2014

Summary: We stand at a critical juncture in the development of marine aquaculture in the United States. The U.S. is a major consumer of aquaculture products – we import 91% of our seafood and half of that is from aquaculture – yet we are a minor producer. Algal products have a huge market worldwide, use energy from the sun, and can uptake excess nutrients, improving local water quality ...

SBIR Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

**9. [8.1.2N: Automated Vertical Reference](#)**

Release Date: 11-13-2013 Open Date: 11-13-2013 Due Date: 01-29-2014 Close Date: 01-29-2014

Summary: We are aware of research grade products yielding millimeter per year motions for dam deformation and continental drift. Others are able to generate dynamic vertical positioning on buoys to within 3-5 cm. Between these two ranges we believe there exist the capability to develop and operationally observe vertical stability (lack of change) at a sub-centimeter resolution. A small, easily-d ...

SBIR Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

**10. [8.1.3SG: Rapid Identification of Species and Origin in Processed Seafood](#)**

Release Date: 11-13-2013 Open Date: 11-13-2013 Due Date: 01-29-2014 Close Date: 01-29-2014

Summary: Seafood substitution is a significant form of seafood fraud, which can have negative economic and environmental impacts. While morphological identification of whole fish is relatively easy, the challenge arises when attempting to identify processed fish products, which have lost their distinctive morphological characteristics. Additionally, heavy processing may have denatured proteins and ...

SBIR Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

- [1](#)
- [2](#)
- [3](#)
- [4](#)
- [5](#)
- [6](#)
- [7](#)
- [Next](#)
- [Last](#)

```
jQuery(document).ready( function() { (function ($) { $('#edit-keys').attr("placeholder", 'Search Keywords'); $('span.ext').hide(); })(jQuery); });
```